

PRICE FIVE CENTS

TANNER'S TEST.

the Crisis Is Now Passed,

**And Declares that He Has No Longer a
Desire for Food.**

He Is Growing Weaker, but Still Steps Off Briskly.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Dr. Tanner, the fast-
ing-man of Minnesota, continues to puzzle
the physicians by his persistence in living
without partaking of food, and is setting at
defiance the theories of all the medical
schools. He has not been detected in receiv-
ing any nourishment, and all the scientific
tests by which the doctors have subjected
him have failed to

man have failed to give color to any suspicion of fraud. He is a wonderful man in every respect, and the experiment to which he has voluntarily subjected himself

now promises to contribute valuable knowledge to the medical profession. Since the "regular" physicians began to take an interest in the case. Every movement of Dr. Tanner has been minutely recorded, and pathological and physiological observations have been made by his watchers hourly.

At noon to-morrow this remarkable man will have subsided thirteen days without partaking of food, and eleven days without drinking more than four ounces of water. As Dr. Gunn said, this feat has astonished the medical fraternity most as much as the success of his experiment would. During

these thirteen days of fasting Dr. Tanner has maintained
FULL POSSESSION OF HIS MENTAL FACUL-

and acts and talks as rationally to-day as he did before the beginning of his terrible battle with the laws of Nature. In all recorded cases of absolute starvation the victim has become hopelessly insane or died long before the time which Dr. Tanner has now reached in his fast, and this wonderful success so far has shaken the faith of many physicians in the theories of vitality so long held, and converted into firm believers many men who were skeptical when the Doctor proposed to fast for forty days.

It is only in the face that Dr. Tanner shows

evidence of the ordeal of starvation he is undergoing. His eyes seem to sink deeper into their sockets with every day, and, to a close observer

THE CHANGE IS VERY APPARENT. Friday the Doctor's face was pallid, and looked like a ghost of his former self. To-day a rosyate hue overspread his features, and his face bore the appearance of perfect health. This change is accounted for by the doctors on different theories, some, like Prof. Ward, holding that the return of color to the face is a favorable symptom, and indicates that the crisis has passed. Others, like Dr. Miller, regard the rosyate tint as due to the setting in of fever, and indicating the begin-

ing of the end. Dr. Gliswold gave a theory of his own, which Prof. Ward says has no scientific base, that the change in Dr. Tanner's face from extreme paleness to a roscate

hues is due to the fact that all the white or water-laden blood-corpuscles have passed from the body, and all that remains of the blood is that part of it

MADE UP OF RED CORPUSCLES.

Blood, he thinks, is now the sole substance of the faster, and his vital organs are drawing upon it more largely day by day. As no new blood can be manufactured without the agency of food, the supply of life from this source is diminishing gradually, and the only question remaining is how long the supply will last. If the supply is sufficient to

sustain life forty days, Dr. Tanner's experiment will succeed, to the bewilderment of the medical men who surround him. If not, the moment the blood is exhausted the fast-

In spite of the Doctor's protestations that he suffers nothing now from the pangs of hunger, and that his eyes are simply affected by sleeplessness, no observer can help feeling that the eyes are an unerring index of terrible mental, if not physical, agony. Dr. Tannenbaum says the crisis in his long fast has passed, and that success now depends only on the power of his will to hold in check the consumption of his body. He insists that the craving of his stomach is completely subdued, and that he has

NO LONGER A DESIRE TO EAT OR DRINK. He claims he would have reached this condition earlier in his struggle but for the un-

For the last three days he has indulged in very little exercise, and in this respect has submitted himself obediently to his watchers, although protesting at times against their strict orders. He grows weaker daily, but will not admit he is losing much strength, and takes almost childish delight when allowed to walk, in stepping off as briskly as he can, to show that "the old man is alive."

et." **HE IS FOND OF MUSIC.**
It gives him something to think about
besides his stomach and in this way is bene-

He said he wished he could hear some of Moody and Sankey's hymns sung by Sabbath-school children, and an effort will be made to gratify this desire during the present week. The opinions of the doctors regarding the ending of this remarkable experiment are various. Miller sat watching Tanner closely at this time, and he said: "I wonder how long it will last." Dr. Tanner lay on his cot with his eyes closed dozing or sleeping, and Dr. Miller said: "Look at that face. Does that indicate the man can stand twelve or even days more of starvation? It is starvation, emaciation, and death is not far off. He is exhausted, and there is no humbug about it." Examined some of the water he had gargled

with a microscope this morning, and there was not a trace of food to be found in it. You can rinse your mouth with water, and hours after we can find traces of the food

that you have eaten. We are taking every possible precaution to keep you secure. I feel satisfied and at ease. Your return is getting it. Of those who believe the fast will be accomplished Prof. David Work, of the United States Medical School, is one of the most sanguine. Yesterday he said: "The danger was very irritable, but the man to insist on a fast was weakening, but the change in the man to-day is astonishing. He has GOT OVER HIS NERVOUSNESS, and is calm and quiet. He is perfectly rational, and I believe he has really, as he claims, passed the crisis. His eyes are bright, and he is eating and drinking as of old, and is healthy. You would be surprised to see the man undressed,

and to note how little flesh he has really lost from his body. I can take hold of a fistfull of solid fat on his back and stomach to-day. There is not a single bad symptom in the

case except his loss of weight, and that has been less than was expected, and steadily decreasing since the first five days. I may be laughed at, but I believe now he will succeed."

CANADA

dead in New York last week from heart-disease. He was in high spirits and had a good appetite, and them's just my symptoms."

July 10.—Immense quantities of food down the

are washed ashore here. They are principally herring and shad. Dead shad are being burned. They are in such quantities as to cause alarm for the public health. The cause of this is the

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
St. JOHN, N. B., July 10.—It is reported that fifty Chinamen are to be brought to New Brunswick to work in the Woodstock mines.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
OTTAWA, July 10.—The Civil-Service Committee has ordered a statement to be prepared showing the age, nationality, date of appointment, and length of service of all persons in the Civil Service. A blue-book containing this information will be printed.
 Bishop Wilson has accepted the pastoral charge of the reformed Episcopal Church here.

lain to have seen it are reliable men. The serpent is described as apparently being from twelve to fifteen feet in length, and about as thick near the head as an ordinary telegraph pole. It is dark in color. The water was very shallow at the time, and attention to the strange object was attracted by the commotion it made in the water.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

QUEBEC, July 10.—An amusing blunder occurred the other day, whereby Mr. Speaker Tarteotte and the House of Assembly were taken in. It appears that early in

The attentive Messenger advanced to receive the ladies as they alighted from the carriages, and escorted them to the front of their party, and conducted them up the Speaker's private staircase to his apartments. Meanwhile the ladies were seated in the parlors, but it was not until the party reached the Speaker's rooms that the Messenger informed the ladies that the Speaker had been informed of the blunder committed by the ladies, and that he was not more surprised than that the ladies should have committed such a blunder. He informed the party at the same time that a few minutes later, two gentlemen in civilian dress would arrive, and that he would inform him, in happy ignorance, no doubt, of the amusing blunder of which they had been the cause.

After the ladies had retired to their dressing room, the Speaker, accompanied by the Vice-regal party, they seated themselves with grace upon two of the State chairs, doubtless unconscious of the fact that they were seated to which they were subjected by the occupants of the gallery, who, having heard of the blunder, had taken advantage of the opportunity on the qu' vive. It was at last agreed in the House that the weather must have prevented the arrival of the ladies.

The Vice-regal party have not yet returned from their fishing cruise. They are expected back tomorrow morning, and the Vice-chaleurs, and are not expected here for some considerable time.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MONTREAL, July 10.—One of the reasons put forward by a Quebec priest for retaining the French language in the schools is that money taken in the Berthier election trial, that it is a divine institution, established

On the insolvency of the Moisie Iron Company, Mr. Patrick Lynch, in his capacity as assignee to the Morris Run Coal Company, led a claim for \$830,000. This was contested by Messrs. F. W. Henshaw, W. J. Buchanan, and F. J. Brady. Judgment has been given in favour of the claim. It was claimed that the debt arose by virtue of an agreement entered into by William Moisie.

There is a rumour that Vanderbilt, the American Railway King, has some interest in the Toronto and Ontario Railway being built, and that he has control of the charter.

The rumor comes from Southeastern Railway men. Few people, however, would be bound to object to its construction.

The case of ex-Sergeant Bigras against his life for attempting to poison him was argued before the Police Court, and submitted for the Magistrate's decision. It will be decided in a day or two. The prosecution is proved by two public analysts that there was antimony in the food given Bigras, as he alleges, by his wife.

Bigras is accused; and it is alleged, that the changing of his Bigras into Big, and the lo, the textant

alleged by counsel for the defense as the grounds upon which he was charged with insanity. The learned counsel said that the fact of Bigras, a man of limited education, having embraced Protestantism, was of itself a presumption of insanity. The counsel for the prosecution denied such an assumption; whereupon the Magistrate remarked that reference was to be made to the state of education, which having read authorities and taken upon the subject, changed his faith.

More Fiction vs. Fact.
Albany Evening Journal.
 "Strict maintenance of the public faith, State and National."—National Democratic Platform of 1904.
The American Almanac of Statistics for 1880 furnishes the following suggestive facts concerning State finances:

ARKANSAS.

\$1,298,000 Funding bonds repudiated.
1,986,773 Levee bonds repudiated.
5,350,000 Railroad bonds repudiated.

\$8,634,773 Total repudiation.

Arkansas in the XLVth Congress:
Senate—Democrats—2, a solid delegation.
House—Democrats—7, a solid delegation.

GEORGIA.

The new Constitution, adopted 1877, declared
aid of railroads (amounting, approximately to
\$600,000).

all bonds issued now bear the date of Jan. 1, 1874, and bear the uniform rate of interest of 7 per cent. These bonds have been made by re-issuing or funding the State indebtedness at 60 cents on the dollar. The State debt ordinance, adopted with the new Constitution (Feb. 2, 1870), provides that 5 per cent of the per cent interest on all the consols bonds for five years after Jan. 1, 1880, 3 per cent for the next fifteen years, and 2 per cent thereafter.

Louisiana in the Forty-sixth Congress.
Senate—Democrat, 1; Republican, 1.
House—Democrat, 6 (a solid delegation).
MS—IRISPPF.
Debts mainly for internal improvements, contracted between 1830 and 1840, amount to \$7,000,000. Reputed.
Mississippi in the Forty-sixth Congress:
Senate—Democrat, 1; Republican, 1.
House—Democrat, 6 (a solid delegation).
NORTH CAROLINA.
By the Funding law of February, 1875, \$15,100,000 of the State debt was repudiated; anti-war bonds were funded at 40 per cent of their face

lues; new railroad bonds were "scaled" at 25 per cent, and the funding bonds of 1880 and 1886 were "scaled" at 15 per cent; \$11,407,150 of the 1880 bonds were repaid in 1876. Total population, \$25,597,288.

North Carolina in the XLVth Congress:
Senate—Democrats, 2.
House—Democrats, 7; Republicans, 1.

An examination of the financial statements of the Southern States would be merely a continuation of the same story. This record may be so that Democrats can harmonize with that which in their platform goes, by courtesy, as the financial plank." No one will be deceived by

disposition, strict discipline and
faith! "Then wear a lion's hide! Do it for
name, and hang a calf's skin on those rogues
who!"

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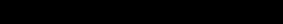
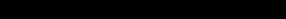
When I saw your face to-day!
HURRICANE HALL AYB GRAY

E. BURNHAM,
71 State-st. (Central Music-Hall).

RECEIVED BY INSURANCE GROUP

Country	Year	Value
Algeria	2000	0.00
Algeria	2001	0.00
Algeria	2002	0.00
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